

### Colorectal Cancer Diagnostic Assessment Unit Referral Form

Fax completed form to (416) 469-6361

### DATE OF REFERRAL:

#### REASON FOR REFERRAL TO COLORECTAL CANCER DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT UNIT

[ ] Patient referred after a positive FOBT please specify Date of Positive Test:\_

[ ] Patient referred because a first-degree relative had colorectal cancer (please specify relative): \_\_\_\_

[ ] Symptomatic: Describe \_

REFERRING PH	SICIAN INFORMATION	PATIENT INFORMATION	
Name:		Last Name	
Physician Number:	Physician Signature:	First Name	
Address:		Address:	
Phone:	Fax:	OHIP/VC:	
PATIENT SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS		Day Phone:	Home Phone:
Does patient have any special needs (e.g. language translation?) [ ] No [ ] Yes (Specify):		D.O.B. (dd/mmm/yy):	Sex: []Female []Male
Is patient capable of providing informed consent? [ ] Yes [ ] No (reason):		Primary Contact (Last Name, First Name):	
Any other relevant medical history or contact precautions (i.e. MRSA) to be aware of?		Relationship to Patient	
[ ] No [ ] Yes: [ ] Preparatory instructions given to patient		Best Phone # to Contact Individual	
MEDICAL INFORMATION			
ALLERGIES: [] No known drug allergies Other:			
PAST MEDICAL HISTORY:         [ ] Acute medical condition requiring hospitalization in past year:         [ ] Previous colonoscopy: [ ] YES [ ] NO. If yes, When; Where: [ ] Attached report			
<ul> <li>[ ] Aortic Stenosis</li> <li>[ ] MI/ Angina/CABG/PTCA</li> <li>[ ] Valvular Heart Surgery</li> <li>[ ] CHF</li> <li>[ ] Pacemaker</li> <li>[ ] Sleep apnea</li> </ul>			<ul><li>[ ] Renal Insufficiency</li><li>[ ] Seizures</li><li>[ ] Neurological Disease</li></ul>
COMMENT/OTHER:			
MEDICATIONS: check any in use Is patient on: [] anticoagulants, [] ASA, [] NSAIDS, [] Coumadin, [] Plavix or other anticoagulants:			
Other:			
INTERNAL USE ONLY MGH NURSE'S INSTRUCTION: [] To OR bookings			[] To OP backings
	JN.		[] To Referring MD
Date Received:	Initial Patient Contact Date:	Procedure Date/Time:	Nurse signature:



# **Bowel Preparation for Colonoscopy**

# **Patient Instructions**

It is important that your bowel is clean and empty so the doctor can get complete results from the colonoscopy test. Please follow these instructions carefully to make sure your bowel is clean and empty.

The Nurse Navigator at the Hospital will call you at the number your family doctor has given us to make sure you are ready to start the preparation for your test within the next business day.

If you have further questions please call the nurse navigator at (**416**) **469-6580**, extension 2113.

Your colonoscopy is scheduled on

DATE:

TIME:

## This time has been kept for you. If you cannot come, please phone the Nurse Navigator immediately so we can give the time to another person.

- You must register at Michael Garron Hospital | Toronto East Health Network (formerly Toronto East General Hospital) Admitting department on the main floor at \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. They will tell you how to get to the Endoscopy unit on B6. It is inside the East Toronto Ambulatory and Surgery Centre
- 3. Go to the Pharmacy and buy **PICO\_SALAX** in any flavor you want. You also must buy 2 tablets of Dulcolax. You do not need a prescription
- 4. Follow COLONOSCOPY INSTRUCTIONS FOR PATIENTS on Page 2



# **COLONOSCOPY INSTRUCTIONS FOR PATIENTS**

Please wear comfortable clothes and shoes. Please leave jewellery or other valuables at home.

MEDICATION: Bring the bottles or list of your current medications. You should take ALL your usual morning medications with a sip of water (except diabetic meds, blood thinners and iron, unless otherwise discussed with the doctor). You can take Acetominophen (Tylenol) for headache but not Aspirin. You can use Gravol for any nausea.

<u>3 days before your Colonoscopy</u>: Do not eat any foods that are high in fibre and stop all fibre supplements. Avoid bran, flax, lentils, beans, raw vegetables, nuts, corn, seeds. Stop iron pills until after procedure.

Acceptable Clear Fluids: consommé/broth, yellow or green Jell-o, water, apple juice, white grape juice, black tea/coffee, ginger ale, soda water, sports drinks (Gatorade/Powerade) of any colour except red or purple. Sports drinks are strongly recommended because they contain electrolytes that replace those you may lose during your preparation below.

### DO NOT EAT OR DRINK ANY FOODS THAT HAVE RED COLORING

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION**

### Day before Colonoscopy:

- **Before 10 a.m.** you may have a light, <u>low fibre</u> breakfast (for example: eggs, white toast, and seedless yogurt).
- After 10 a.m. do not have any solid food the whole day (until after the procedure the next day)
- Drink lots of clear fluids throughout the day. It is important to keep hydrated.
- Before 3 p.m. take 2 tablets of DULCOLAX. Dulcolax can be bought without a prescription
- At 7 p.m. take the 1<sup>st</sup> packet of <u>PICO-SALAX</u> bowel prep. Empty the contents of one packet into a mug and add 150 ml of cold water. Stir frequently until dissolved. Drink all of this Pico-Salax solution. Then in the next 2-3 hours continue to <u>drink 2-3 litres of clear fluids</u>. You will start to have watery bowel movements.



### Day of Colonoscopy:

- Continue your clear fluid diet.
- FOUR TO FIVE HOURS BEFORE YOUR SCHEDULED PROCEDURE take the 2<sup>nd</sup> packet of <u>PICO-SALAX</u> dissolved in 150 ml of cold water. Then in the next 1 hour continue to drink 1-2 litres of clear fluid.
- **STOP DRINKING ANY LIQUID 3 HOURS BEFORE ARRIVAL.** For example, if you are scheduled to arrive at 9 a.m. then you should take the Pico-Salax at 5 a.m. and drink at least 1 litre between 5 and 6 a.m. Stop drinking after 6 a.m.

IT IS IMPORTANT TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS. If your bowel is not clean, the physician may not be able to see suspicious spots inside your bowel.

### What are the risks?

A colonoscopy is a safe procedure and has very low risk when performed by physicians who have been specially trained. However, possible complications are:

- Perforation (a tear) in the colon wall after the colonoscopy about 1 in 1,500, or following removal of a polyp about 1 in 500. It may require surgery to repair or be managed with antibiotics and intravenous fluids.
- Bleeding following a colonoscopy about 1 in 2,000, following removal of a polyp about 1 in 500.
- Allergic reactions to the intravenous medications (including rash, fever or breathing problems).
- A tender lump where the intravenous is placed in your arm may develop which may stay for up to several months but goes away. Apply heat packs or hot, moist towels to relieve the discomfort.
- Heart problems or a stroke can occur in a patient with underlying medical problems, but are very rare.
- No test in medicine is perfect: rarely, polyps and cancers are missed (2-6% miss rate)<sup>1</sup>.

1. B. Bressler, L. Rabeneck et al Gastroenterology, Volume 132, Issue 1, Pages 96 – 102

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